2025年6月英语六级答案

六级写作试题

写作(第 1 套)

Directions: For this part, you are allowed 30 minutes to write an essay that begins with the sentence **"With the increasing application of AI technology, there is a growing concern that it may negatively impact human creativity."** You can make comments, cite examples or use your personal experience to develop your essay. You should write at least ***150*** words but no more than ***200*** words.

写作(第 2 套)

Directions: For this part, you are allowed 30 minutes to write an essay that begins with the sentence **"As social media is used more and more extensively, there is a growing awareness of the importance of using it properly and responsibly."** You can make comments, cite examples or use your personal experience to develop your essay. You should write at least ***150*** words but no more than ***200*** words.

写作(第 3 套)

Directions: For this part, you are allowed 30 minutes to write an essay that begins with the sentence **"As requirements for job applications are getting increasingly higher, college students ought to be better prepared for their future career."** You can make comments, cite examples or use your personal experience to develop your essay. You should write at least ***150*** words but no more than ***200*** words.

六级听力理解答案

听力长对话(第 1 套)

1. C) Called the man's company.
2. B) Came as soon as possible.
3. D) Indignation.
4. A) Whether the contents have been backed up.
5. A) It's boring.
6. D) Mediating land disputes.
7. C) Courts can be frustrating and expensive.
8. D) The ability to express themselves clearly and forcefully.

听力篇章(第 1 套)

9. C) They proposed an explanation for old people's difficulty in retrieving memories.

10. B) Older adults often retrieve irrelevant memories along with what they want.
11. A) They show preserved, and sometimes enhanced, creativity.
12. C) They are rarely in control of many things related to their work.
13. C) The feeling of being time poor.
14. B) It puts jobs and wages at risk.
15. B) Prioritizing life over work.

听力讲座/讲话(第 1 套)

16. D) Impact academic achievements.
17. A) By pressing a hidden button.
18. B) Make generalizable inferences about persistence from a few examples.
19. A) Offering advice on overcoming habitual lateness.
20. D) Get prepared the night before.
21. C) Leave time in between activities.
22. D) They have different feels.
23. A) They are not as willing to help strangers.
24. D) It is not part of Boston's local culture.
25. B) Follow the examples set by Paris and New York City.

听力长对话(第 2 套)

1. D) Both candidates are quite competitive.
2. B) Rachel scored moderately higher grades than Peter at school.
3. A) His use of body language.
4. D) Let John make the final decision.
5. B) The woman's latest collection.
6. C) Something slightly absurd.
7. A) Merge styles of facial opposite ends of the fashion spectrum.
8. B) Seeing the woman's new creations.

听力篇章(第 2 套)

9. D) They could follow pointing gestures without training.
10. C) Understanding how humans impact their behavior.
11. B) Treat them with sensitivity and respect.
12. A) The temperature inside it varies from place to place.
13. D) To prevent germs from growing quickly.
14. A) On the top shelf.
15. D) They will be ruined.

听力讲座/讲话(第 2 套)

16. C) Hip fracture.
17. A) It feels real and relevant.

18. D) By combining multiple perspectives.
19. A) They don't teach basic organization.
20. D) It’s a way of life to learn.
21. B) Use time and resources in a wise way.
22. C) The basis for self-improvement.
23. D) Stop imagining further progress in life.
24. B) We have to adapt to the ever-changing goal.
25. C) Measuring where we’ve come from instead of measuring against the goal.

华研外语 华研外语 华研外语

(注：四六级考试是花卷，大家对答案时要看选项内容，不要只核对ABCD。)

六级阅读理解答案

选词填空(第 1 套)

(In her second year, Charlene Duong...)

26. J) They were intrigued.

27. B) a chronic fear of a climate catastrophe

28. L) and was, at the time, looking for an outlet.

29. F) larger picture of fighting for a healthier, safer, cleaner environment for all.

30. A) education rely on synthetic pesticides and fertilizers to achieve aesthetic goals.

31. D) But these conventionally managed campuses can come at a cost

32. C) contaminated waterways, poisoned wildlife and lifeless soil.

33. E) unwanted plant life can increase indirect emissions

34. G) hampering the ability of soils to absorb carbon

35. O) students working with HFC help out with weeding the campus grounds

选词填空(第 2 套)

(The slow progress of women in elective office...)

26. B) involved in legislative decisions has significant consequences
27. E) for all the policies that governments enact
28. F) such as paid family leave, pay equity and gender-based violence
29. A) it bolsters women's sense
30. I) it is a particularly formidable problem in the United States
31. D) But the reason women are so dramatically underrepresented
32. C) as often as male politicians with similar credentials
33. G) especially on Republican tickets
34. L) require the Republican Party as a whole to prioritize recruiting women
35. N) but in a sustained way

选词填空(第 3 套)

(No beast on Earth is tougher than the tiny...)

26. K) It can survive being frozen at -272° Celsius…

27. B) and even being blasted with 500 times the dose of X-rays…
28. I) … prepare humans and crops to handle the rigors of space travel.
29. A) The tardigrade's indestructibility stems from its adaptations to its environment…
30. J) … it lives in seemingly comfortable places…
31. C) Drying is pretty catastrophic for most living things.
32. D) Tardigrades have evolved special strategies for dealing…
33. F) … long fibers that fill the cell's interior.
34. O) … preventing them from breaking or unfolding.
35. E) …they may accomplish this feat…

长篇阅读(第 1 套)

(Why Your Library Is the Most Important Place in Town)

36. G) In the words of Robert Putnam, "People may go to the library…
37. C) As community builders libraries are engaged in incredible work…
38. I) In a time when education is increasingly expensive, public libraries...
39. D) Place-based economic development stresses the importance of offering attractive…
40. A) Librarians know the value of their community

services...

41. L) Free tutoring, homework help programs, and summer reading programs...
42. F) Archives preserve historic artifacts, oral histories...
43. H) As Keith Richards said, “The public library is the great equalizer.”...
44. B) Many people point out the value public libraries bring to their communities...
45. K) The decline of civil discourse stems in part from the fact...

长篇阅读(第 2 套)

(The Benefits of Solitude)

36. C) Unsocial tendencies like these are often far from ideal.
37. H) One reason for this is that such people are likely to spend sustained time alone working on their craft.
38. B) So I can relate to author Anneli Rufus, who wrote in Party of One: The Loners' Manifesto.
39. I) A recent justification of these ideas came from University at Buffalo psychologist Julie Bowker, who researches social withdrawal.
40. M) A more recent advocate of thoughtful and

productive solitude is Susan Cain, author of Quiet: The Power of Introverts in a World That Can't Stop Talking and founder of Quiet Revolution.

41. E) But these are severe and involuntary cases of aloneness.
42. O) As with many things, quality reigns over quantity.
43. L) Daydreaming in the absence of such distractions activates the brain's default-mode network.
44. G) One key benefit of solitude is improved creativity.
45. N) Still, the line between useful solitude and dangerous isolation can be blurry.

长篇阅读(第 3 套)

(Yes, eating meat affects)

36. E) In 2006 the United Nations Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) published…
37. K) Demand for meat is rising in developing and…
38. H) I pointed out this flaw during a speech to fellow scientists in San Francisco…
39. A) As the scale and impacts of climate change…
40. I) Many people continue to think that avoiding meat…
41. C) As one example, the energy in plants that livestock consume is…
42. D) A healthy portion of meat's negative reputation…

43. L) Removing animals from U.S. agriculture…

44. C) My recent research focuses on ways in which…

45. J) Moreover, technological, genetic and management changes that have taken place in…

仔细阅读(第 1 套)

(Passage One: Nationally, one in six children...)

46. What does the U.S. secretary of education say in his open letter?

C) Low academic achievement is mainly attributed to school absences.

47. What do the authors find about school absences?

A) Excused school absences have little impact on children's learning.

48. What do the authors believe concerning unexcused school absences?

B) They point directly to many of the out-of-school challenges confronting children and their families.

49. What is the assumption underlying education policies in the U.S.?

B) Schools can boost children's academic performance by effective intervention.

50. What do the authors suggest doing regarding school absences?

C) Directing resources to helping needy children.

(Passage Two: After earning a bachelor's degree…)

51. What did the author advise people do for almost a decade?

D) Do whatever they are zealous for.

52. How did the author feel about the passion principle through his research?

A) He was astonished by its consequences.

53. What is important to turning one's passion into a stable, good-paying job?

D) Financial backing and social connections.

54. What happens when everyone is encouraged to follow their passion?

C) Socioeconomic inequality is likely to persist.

55. What does the author say about employers of passionate workers?

B) They exploit these workers' passion to benefit themselves.

仔细阅读(第 2 套)

(Passage One: Simulators are most often utilized...)

46. What do we learn about successful changes in organizations?

C) They call for enthusiastic support from the

workforce.

47. What should learning leaders do to arouse learners' passion for change?

A) Allow them to see what could possibly be achieved.

48. What does the passage say about lectures, training programs and workshops?

A) They are generally incapable of changing workers' behaviors on the job.

49. What makes simulation one of the most fruitful forms of learning?

D) Its potential for learners to explore, experiment and practice without any risk.

50. What should participants do in a simulation to reap the greatest benefits possible?

B) Apply promptly what they learn to their jobs.

(Passage Two: GDP growth is not...)

51. What does the passage say is the more recent thinking of economic growth?

A) It should be made sustainable.

52. Why are some people opposed to the idea that governments should focus on happiness?

C) Happiness means different things to different people.

53. What does philosopher Julian Baggini suggest governments do in a recently published article?

B) Provide people with access to resources for a better life.

54. Why does the WHO feel the need to appeal to the economic benefits of improving mental health to justify its recommendations?

D) Governments still take economic development as their priority.

55. What message does the author try to convey at the end of the passage?

B) Governments' goal should be people-oriented.

仔细阅读(第 3 套)

(Passage One: Why are we so worried about our careers)

46. What gives rise to our worry about careers apart from money?

A) Fear of being judged in a snobbish manner.

47. What do we learn from the passage about today's snobs?

C) They judge a person by their occupation.

48. What does the author say about people's interest in material goods?

D) It arises from their craving for social recognition.

49. What kind of people do snobs deem worth respect and esteem?

A) Those with fame and fortune.

50. What does the author imply we should do to avoid being snobbish?

B) Be kind to and curious about those who we happen to meet in our lives.

(Passage Two: Women have historically been paid...)

51. What do we learn about the gender pay gap in the US during the 1980s?

B) It was shrinking rapidly.

52. What happened with the introduction of state and federal family leave policies?

B) The rate of gender wage convergence started to fall noticeably.

53. What partly accounts for the slip in women's salaries?

C) The huge amounts of time and energy women spend taking care of the family.

54. What does the new study say about wage parity?

D) It would have been attained with the continuation of the 1980s trend.

55. What prevents women from achieving parity with men in the final analysis?

B) Giving birth to children and taking care of them.

六级翻译试题及参考译文

翻译(第1套)

天宫空间站（Tiangong Space Station）是中国首个太空实验室，拥有110多立方米使用空间，可驻留三名宇航员，在距地球表面400-450公里的轨道上运行。天宫空间站已实施180多个科学研究与应用项目，涉及空间生命科学、太空医学、空间材料科学等领域。天宫空间站的研究成果在我国得到了广泛应用，产生了显著的经济效益。例如，太空育种创造的直接经济效益高达数千亿元。这不仅标志中国在航天技术上取得了巨大进步，也表明中国为全球的太空研究和应用做出了重大贡献。

【参考译文】

The Tiangong Space Station, China's first space laboratory, boasts over 110 cubic meters of usable space and can accommodate three astronauts. It operates in orbit at an altitude of 400-450 kilometers above Earth's surface. The Tiangong Space Station has already carried out more than 180 scientific research and application projects, covering fields such as space life science, space medicine, and space materials science. The research findings from the Tiangong Space Station have been

widely applied in China, generating significant economic benefits. For instance, space breeding alone has created direct economic benefits amounting to hundreds of billions of yuan. This not only signifies China's immense progress in aerospace technology but also demonstrates its significant contributions to global space research and applications.

翻译(第 2 套)

粤港澳大湾区（Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macao Greater Bay Area）具有得天独厚的地理位置，拥有完善的交通基础设施和丰富的产业资源。大湾区是中国开放程度最高、经济活力最强的区域之一，在国家经济发展中具有重要的战略地位。大湾区不仅将建成充满活力的世界级城市群和具有全球影响力的国际科技创新中心，还将打造成适合工作、购物、旅游的优质生活圈。随着改革开放的不断深入，大湾区的建设将进一步推动区域经济发展。到 2035 年，大湾区将实现成为国际一流湾区的目标。

【参考译文】

The Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macao Greater Bay Area (GBA) boasts a unique geographical location, comprehensive transportation infrastructure, and abundant industrial resources. As one of China's most

open and economically vibrant regions, the Bay Area holds significant strategic importance in the nation's economic development. It is envisioned not only as a dynamic world-class urban cluster and a globally influential international innovation and technology hub but also as a high-quality living circle suitable for working, shopping, and tourism. With the continuous deepening of reform and opening-up, the development of the Bay Area will further boost regional economic growth. By 2035, the Bay Area aims to become a world-class bay area.

翻译(第 3 套)

自古以来，中国的水资源北缺南丰，分布极不均衡。为了有效解决北方严重缺水问题，中国政府实施了南水北调工程（the South-to-Norh water Diversion Project）。这是一项跨区域配置水资源的宏大水利工程。历经数十年的规划与筹备，工程于 2002 年开工建设，分为东、中、西三条线路，总长 4350 公里，惠及人口将超过 4 亿。自 2014 年通水以来，工程向北方调水累计已超 500 亿立方米，为北方地区的人民提供了可靠的水资源，同时也极大地改善了这一地区的生态环境，促进了经济的可持续健康发展。

【参考译文】

Since ancient times, China has faced an extreme imbalance in water resources, with scarcity in the north and abundance in the south. To effectively address the severe water shortage in the northern regions, the Chinese government implemented the South-to-North Water Diversion Project. This is a grand water conservancy project designed for cross-regional allocation of water resources. After decades of planning and preparation, construction of the project began in 2002. It consists of three routes — eastern, middle, and western — totaling 4,350 kilometers in length, and is set to benefit over 400 million people. Since water began flowing in 2014, the project has cumulatively diverted more than 50 billion cubic meters of water to the north, providing reliable water resources for the people in those areas. It has also greatly improved the ecological environment of the region and promoted sustainable and healthy economic development.